#### II Semester /BotanyCoreCourse - 2

### Basics of Vascular plants and Phytogeography

(Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms, Taxonomy of Angiosperms and Phytogeography)

(Total hours of teaching - 60 @ 02 Hrs/Week)

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#### Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Classify and compare Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms based on their morphology, anatomy, reproduction and life cycles.
- Justifyevolutionary trends in tracheophytes to adapt for land habitat.
- Explain the process of fossilization and compare the characteristics of extinct and extant plants.
- Critically understand various taxonomical aids for identification of Angiosperms.
- ➤ Analyze the morphology of the most common Angiospermplantsof their localities and recognize their families.
- Evaluate the ecological, ethnic and economic value of different tracheophytes and summarize their goods and services for human welfare.
- ➤ Locate different phytogeographical regions of the world and India and can analyze their floristic wealth.

## Unit - 1:Pteridophytes

12 Hrs.

- General characteristics of Pteridophyta; classification of Smith (1955)uptodivisions.
- Occurrence, morphology, anatomy, reproduction (developmental details are notneeded) and life historyof (a) Lycopodium (Lycopsida) and (b) Marsilea (Filicopsida).
- 3. Stelar evolution in Pteridophytes;
- 4. Heterospory and seed habit.

### Unit - 2: Gymnosperms

14 Hrs.

- 1. General characteristics of Gymnosperms; Sporneclassification uptoclasses.
- 2. Occurrence, morphology, anatomy, reproduction (developmental details are not needed) and life history of (a) *Cycas*(Cycadopsida) and (b) *Gnetum* (Gnetopsida).
- 3. Outlines of geological time scale.
- 4. A brief account on Cycadeoidea.

#### Unit – 3:Basic aspects of Taxonomy

13Hrs.

- 1. Aim and scope of taxonomy; Species concept: Taxonomic hierarchy, species, genus and family.
- 2. Plant nomenclature: Binomial system, ICBN- rules for nomenclature.
- 3. Herbarium and its techniques, BSI herbarium and Kew herbarium; concept of digital herbaria.
- 4. Bentham and Hooker system of classification;
- 5. Systematic description and economic importance of the following families:
  - (a) Annonaceae (b) Curcurbitaceae

#### **Unit – 4: Systematic Taxonomy**

13 Hrs.

- 1. Systematic description and economic importance of the following families:
  - (a) Asteraceae (b) Asclepiadaceae (c)Amaranthaceae(d) Euphorbiaceae
  - (e) Arecaceaeand (f) Poaceae
  - 2. Outlines of Angiosperm Phylogeny Group (APG IV).

#### Unit - 5: Phytogeography

08 Hrs.

- 1. Principles of Phytogeography, Distribution (wides, endemic, discontinuous species)
- 2. Endemism types and causes.
- 3. Phytogeographic regions of World.
- 4. Phytogeographic regions of India.
- 5. Vegetation types in Andhra Pradesh.

# Practical syllabus ofBotanyCore Course – 2/ Semester – II Basics of Vascular plants and Phytogeography

(Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms, Taxonomy of Angiosperms and Phytogeography)(Total hours of laboratory exercises 30 Hrs. @ 02 Hrs. /Week)

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion ofthiscourse students shall be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate the techniques of section cutting, preparing slides, identifying of the material and drawing exact figures.
- Compare and contrast the morphological, anatomical and reproductive features of vascular plants.
- 3. Identify the local angiosperms of the families prescribed to their genus and species level and prepare herbarium.
- 4. Exhibit skills of preparing slides, identifying the given twigs in the lab and drawing figures of plant twigs, flowers and floral diagrams as they are.
- 5. Prepare and preserve specimens of local wild plants using herbarium techniques.

#### **Practical Syllabus:**

- Study/ microscopic observation of vegetative, sectional/anatomical and reproductive structures of the following using temporary or permanent slides/ specimens/ mounts:
  - a. Pteridophyta: Lycopodium and Marselia
  - b. Gymnosperms: Cycasand Gnetum
- 2. Study of fossil specimens of *Cycadeoidea* and *Pentoxylon*(photographs /diagrams can be shown if specimens are not available).
- 3. Demonstration of herbarium techniques.
- 4. Systematic / taxonomicstudy of locally available plants belonging to the families prescribed in theory syllabus. (Submission of 30 number of Herbarium sheets of wild plants with the standard system is mandatory).
- 5. Mapping of phytogeographical regions of the globe and India.

# Model Question Paper for Practical Examination

Semester – II/ Botany Core Course – 2

# Basics of Vascular plants and Phytogeography

(Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms, Taxonomy of Angiosperms and Phytogeography)

Max. Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

- 1. Take T.S. of the material 'A' (Pteridophyta), make a temporary slide and justify the identification with apt points.
- 2. Take T.S. of the material 'B' (Gymnosperms), make a temporary slide and justify the identification with apt points.
- 3. Describe the vegetative and floral characters of the material 'C' (Taxonomy of Angiosperms) and derive its systematic position.
- 4. Identify the specimen 'D' (Fossil Gymnosperm) and give specific reasons. 5 M
- 5. Locate the specified phytogeographical regions (2x2M) in the world / India (E) map supplied to you.

  4 M
- 6. Record + Herbarium & Field note book + Viva-voce 5 + 4 + 3 = 12 M